



15X

BURKINA FASO

With increased funding, in 2017, the U.S. President's Malaria Initiative (PMI) expanded its life-saving work to five additional countries, including Burkina Faso. Burkina Faso ranks among the ten highest malaria burden countries in sub-Saharan Africa, with malaria posing a threat throughout the country. Insecticide resistance is increasing every year in Burkina Faso and resistance is evident in many parts of the country. The country's government, with support from PMI, is launching a comprehensive response with new tools including the distribution of new insecticide resistance-fighting nets, spraying homes with new insecticides, and stepping up as the first PMI country to fully track its indoor residual spraying (IRS) campaigns with mobile data.

↑36%

INCREASE IN PERCENTAGE OF 2 DOSES
OF INTERMITTENT PREVENTIVE TREATMENT
OF MALARIA IN PREGNANCY FROM 2014
TO 2017/2018



ADAPTING STRATEGIES & TOOLS TO COMBAT THE WORLD'S DEADLIEST ANIMAL

Insecticide-treated nets are one of the most effective tools for preventing malaria cases in Africa. With insecticide resistance on the rise though, governments and partners are working to identify new strategies and tools for combatting malaria-carrying mosquitoes. PMI is leading this charge with the introduction of a new type of insecticide-treated net that is more effective against insecticide-resistant mosquitoes and is working with Burkina Faso to help pioneer this next phase in the malaria fight. With increased budget from Congress, PMI and the Global Fund worked with Burkina Faso's government to distribute these new nets in 22 districts and sprayed homes with new insecticides in 3 additional districts in 2019. Today, PMI is taking lessons from Burkina Faso and working with other high malaria burden country governments to launch similar strategies where data show growing resistance to insecticides.

